

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION


IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025 / ISO 21930

ThermShield FD - Fire damper



EPD HUB, HUB-0210

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One Click  Created with One Click LCA

actionair
by Swegon

GENERAL INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer	Klimaoprema d.d.
Address	Gradna 78a, 10430 Samobor, Hrvatska
Contact details	actionair@swegon.com
Website	https://www.swegon.com/uk/

EPD STANDARDS, SCOPE AND VERIFICATION

Program operator	EPD Hub, hub@epdhub.com
Reference standard	EN 15804+A2:2019 and ISO 14025
PCR	EPD Hub Core PCR version 1.0, 1 Feb 2022
Sector	Construction product
Category of EPD	Sister EPD (HUB-0138)
Scope of the EPD	Cradle to gate with options, A4-B7, and modules C1-C4, D
EPD author	Marko Kokolić, Klimaoprema d.d.
EPD verification	Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: <input type="checkbox"/> Internal certification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External verification
EPD verifier	N.C, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited

The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

PRODUCT

Product name	ThermShield FD - Fire damper
Product reference	710
Place of production	Industrijski Park 19, 35400 Nova Gradiška, Croatia
Period for data	July 2021-June 2022.
Averaging in EPD ^{VP}	No averaging

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SUMMARY

Declared unit	1 unit of fire damper with an electric actuator
Declared unit mass	4.97695 kg
GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO ₂ e)	25.8
GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO ₂ e)	25.4
Secondary material, inputs (%)	31.6
Secondary material, outputs (%)	67.7
Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh)	98.0
Total water use, A1-A3 (m ³ e)	0.357

PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER

Klimaoprema is a manufacturing technology solution company in the field of cleanrooms and HVAC systems.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Technical specifications:

Dimensions: 100x200 - 1500x800 [mm]

Casing length: 350 mm

Casing air leakage: Class C, according to EN1751

Closed blade air leakage: Class 3, according to EN 1751

Declaration of performance: DoP 710/2020

The FD damper is delivered as standard in dimensions from 100x200 to 1500x800 [mm] with electric, electromagnetic or manual actuator. Accessories for the FD are: Flexible duct connection, Safety grilles and Mounting frames (Applique, MF1 or MF2).

FD fire damper consists of several main parts: the casing, the damper blade and the actuator. Casing is made of galvanized steel sheet and the damper blade is made out calcium silicate. Damper blade is equipped with brass bearings and seals made of polyurethane and elastomer rubber. The fire damper is equipped with a Belimo electric actuator.

Fire dampers FD are used for prevention of fire spread through the ventilation ducts and between fire sections. The FD fire damper is time-classified at 90 or 120 minutes, depending on the type of installation. Fire damper is always tested in standardized support frames (both in a rigid wall and in a flexible wall) in accordance with EN 1366-2:2015. Installation in both, vertical and horizontal axis of rotation of the dampers blade is acceptable (with the axis angle 0 - 360°).

The FD fire damper is maintenance free.

Further information can be found at <https://www.klimaoprema.com/>.

PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL MAIN COMPOSITION

Raw material category	Amount, mass- %	Material origin
Metals	83,60	EU
Minerals	11,20	EU
Fossil materials	5,20	EU
Bio-based materials	-	-

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C	-
Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C	0.1237

FUNCTIONAL UNIT AND SERVICE LIFE

Declared unit	1 unit of fire damper with an electric actuator
Mass per declared unit	4.97695 kg
Reference service life	20

SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).

PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD covers the life-cycle modules listed in the following table.

Product stage			Assembly stage		Use stage								End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries	
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
x	x	x	x	x	MND	x	MND	MND	MND	x	MND	x	x	x	x	x		
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstr./demol.	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse	Recovery	Recycling

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR.

MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)

The environmental impacts considered for the product stage cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials. Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage. The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission.

The reference product consists of the main product (product frame: casing and damper blade) and the electric actuator. Casing is made of galvanized steel sheet and the damper blade is made of calcium silicate. The electric actuator is made of plastic and galvanized sheet steel. The materials are transported to the production facility of Klimaoprema d.d. The production facility is located in Nova Gradiška, address: Industrijski Park 19, 35400 Nova Gradiška, Croatia. In the production facility, the galvanized sheet undergoes stamping, rolling and profiling. Plastic parts are purchased, so there is no plastic waste. Electrical devices and tools are used in the

production process. Production energy is taken based on the place/country of electricity production. Each part of the production process is considered separately, and disposal of process waste is calculated based on waste distribution at the factory level. The finished product is packed in cardboard boxes and tied to wooden pallets with plastic strips before shipping.

TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

Environmental impacts from building installation include waste packaging material (A5) and the release of biogenic carbon dioxide from waste from the processing of wooden pallets. The product can be installed without electricity consumption.

The transport distance is defined according to the PCR. To define the distribution of the product to the customer, the weighted average of the five largest customers is considered. It is assumed that the average transportation distance from the production facility to the construction site is 948,8 km. It is assumed that the volume factor of vehicle capacity utilization is 100%, which means full load. It may vary, but since the role of traffic emissions in the overall results is small, it is assumed that the diversity in cargo is negligible. Empty returns are not considered as it is assumed that the transport company uses the return journey for the needs of other customers. Transportation does not cause losses because the products are properly packed. It is also assumed that the volume capacity utilization factor is 100% for nested packaged products.

PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

The product does not require maintenance. Electricity consumption is calculated for a period of 20 years, and the product is in standby mode, which consumes 0.7 W. Replacement of components or parts is not included.

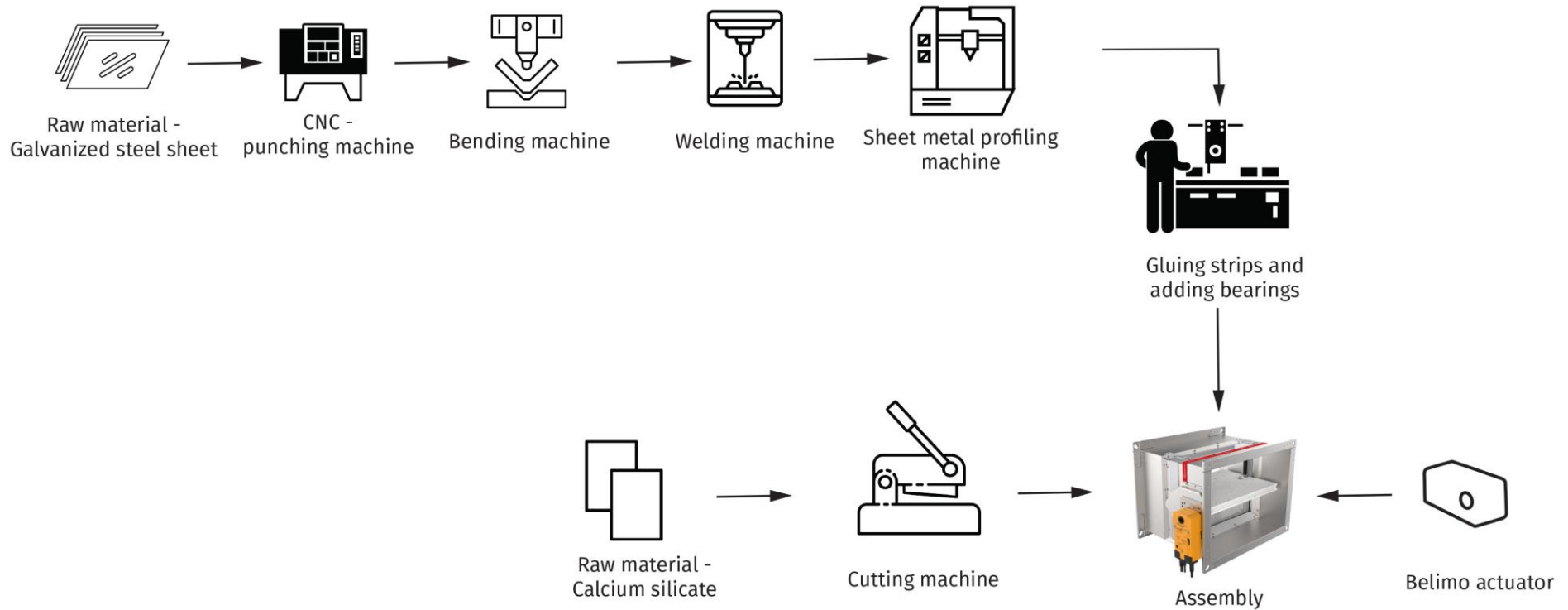
Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

Module C3 accounts for energy and resource inputs for sorting and treating these waste streams for recycling and incineration with energy recovery. As per the used standard, 20% of steel, 30% of brass, 40% of copper and 40-50% of plastic waste go to landfill. Due to the material and energy recovery potential of parts in the end-of-life product and packaging, recycled raw materials leads to avoided virgin material production, while the energy recovered from incineration displaces electricity and heat production (D). The benefits and loads of incineration and recycling are included in Module D.

Consumption of energy and natural resources in the demolition process is assumed to be negligible. It is assumed that the waste is collected separately and transported to the waste treatment plant. Transportation distance to treatment is assumed as 50 km and the transportation method is assumed to be lorry (C2). According to EN 50693:2019, the sequence of treatment operations occurring to the product shall include de-pollution, fractions separation and preparation (dismantling, crushing, shredding, sorting), recycling, other material recovery, energy recovery and disposal. In this study, the default values from table G.4 of EN 50693 are used for treating materials in different waste treatment methods.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS



LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

CUT-OFF CRITERIA

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the reference standard and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.

ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. All allocations are done as per the reference standards and the applied PCR. In this study, allocation has been done in the following ways:

Data type	Allocation
Raw materials	No allocation
Packaging materials	Allocated by mass or volume
Ancillary materials	Allocated by mass or volume
Manufacturing energy and waste	Allocated by mass or volume

AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY

Type of average	No averaging
Averaging method	Not applicable

This EPD is product and factory specific and does not contain average calculations.

LCA SOFTWARE AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

This EPD has been created using One Click LCA EPD Generator. The LCA and EPD have been prepared according to the reference standards and ISO 14040/14044. Ecoinvent and One Click LCA databases were used as sources of environmental data.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, PEF

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP – total ¹⁾	kg CO ₂ e	2,46E1	2,9E-1	5,07E-1	25.4	4,72E-1	9,36E-1	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	5,37E1	MND	0E0	2,26E-2	8,32E-1	4,19E-2	-5,75E0
GWP – fossil	kg CO ₂ e	2,45E1	2,89E-1	9,67E-1	25.8	4,77E-1	9,02E-2	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	5,2E1	MND	0E0	2,26E-2	8,37E-1	4,18E-2	-5,8E0
GWP – biogenic	kg CO ₂ e	7,42E-2	2,09E-4	-4,61E-1	-3,86E-1	3,46E-4	8,46E-1	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1,58E0	MND	0E0	1,64E-5	-4,7E-3	4,11E-5	5,38E-2
GWP – LULUC	kg CO ₂ e	2,92E-2	8,66E-5	1,49E-3	3,08E-2	1,43E-4	4,94E-5	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1,21E-1	MND	0E0	6,81E-6	1,1E-4	3,19E-6	-1,08E-3
Ozone depletion pot.	kg CFC-11e	1,84E-6	6,8E-8	5,21E-8	1,96E-6	1,12E-7	7,07E-9	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	4,4E-6	MND	0E0	5,32E-9	1,51E-8	3,27E-9	-2E-7
Acidification potential	mol H ⁺ e	2,6E-1	1,24E-3	5,1E-3	2,66E-1	2E-3	3,02E-4	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	3,04E-1	MND	0E0	9,5E-5	1,17E-3	7,93E-5	-3,34E-2
EP-freshwater ²⁾	kg Pe	3,33E-3	2,34E-6	5,88E-5	3,39E-3	3,88E-6	1,47E-6	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	5,63E-3	MND	0E0	1,84E-7	6,2E-6	1,22E-7	-3,55E-4
EP-marine	kg Ne	3,12E-2	3,76E-4	7,77E-4	3,24E-2	6,03E-4	9,38E-5	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	3,87E-2	MND	0E0	2,86E-5	2,85E-4	3,33E-5	-5,5E-3
EP-terrestrial	mol Ne	7,36E-1	4,16E-3	8,83E-3	7,49E-1	6,66E-3	1,02E-3	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	4,75E-1	MND	0E0	3,16E-4	3,25E-3	2,97E-4	-6,45E-2
POCP (“smog”) ³⁾	kg NMVOCe	1,06E-1	1,33E-3	3,09E-3	1,1E-1	2,14E-3	3,13E-4	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1,21E-1	MND	0E0	1,02E-4	8,83E-4	9,39E-5	-2,82E-2
ADP-minerals & metals ⁴⁾	kg Sbe	2,09E-2	4,91E-6	9,78E-6	2,09E-2	8,13E-6	1,18E-6	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	3,82E-4	MND	0E0	3,86E-7	5,09E-6	8,33E-8	-1,43E-4
ADP-fossil resources	MJ	3,04E2	4,5E0	2,54E1	3,34E2	7,41E0	8,93E-1	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1,07E3	MND	0E0	3,52E-1	1,45E0	2,3E-1	-6,52E1
Water use ⁵⁾	m ³ e depr.	1,05E1	1,66E-2	5,5E-1	1,1E1	2,76E-2	1,44E-2	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1,34E1	MND	0E0	1,31E-3	7,49E-2	1,05E-2	-2,68E0

USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Renew. PER as energy ⁶⁾	MJ	2,93E1	5,63E-2	3,49E0	3,28E1	9,33E-2	4,18E-2	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	2,08E2	MND	0E0	4,43E-3	1,94E-1	2,47E-3	-7,02E0
Renew. PER as material	MJ	0E0	0E0	4,35E0	4,35E0	0E0	-4,35E0	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	0E0	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	-1,88E-1
Total use of renew. PER	MJ	2,93E1	5,63E-2	7,84E0	3,72E1	9,33E-2	-4,31E0	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	2,08E2	MND	0E0	4,43E-3	1,94E-1	2,47E-3	-7,21E0
Non-re. PER as energy	MJ	3,01E2	4,5E0	1,49E1	3,2E2	7,41E0	8,93E-1	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1,07E3	MND	0E0	3,52E-1	1,45E0	2,3E-1	-5,25E1
Non-re. PER as material	MJ	3,35E0	0E0	1,05E1	1,38E1	0E0	0E0	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	0E0	MND	0E0	0E0	-3,04E0	0E0	-1,27E1
Total use of non-re. PER	MJ	3,04E2	4,5E0	2,54E1	3,34E2	7,41E0	8,93E-1	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1,07E3	MND	0E0	3,52E-1	-1,59E0	2,3E-1	-6,52E1
Secondary materials	kg	1,54E0	0E0	3,5E-2	1,57E0	0E0	0E0	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	0E0	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	2,18E0
Renew. secondary fuels	MJ	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	0E0	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0
Non-ren. secondary fuels	MJ	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	0E0	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0
Use of net fresh water	m ³	3,51E-1	9,33E-4	5,01E-3	0.357	1,54E-3	3,22E-4	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	3,22E-1	MND	0E0	7,32E-5	2,29E-3	2,54E-4	-3,63E-2

8) PER = Primary energy resources.

END OF LIFE – WASTE

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	4,7E0	4,35E-3	4,48E-2	4,75E0	7,2E-3	5,99E-3	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	3,63E0	MND	0E0	3,42E-4	0E0	3,55E-2	-1,89E0
Non-hazardous waste	kg	1,29E2	4,81E-1	2,58E0	1,32E2	7,97E-1	3,85E-1	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	2,53E2	MND	0E0	3,78E-2	0E0	1,32E0	-1,92E1
Radioactive waste	kg	7,58E-4	3,09E-5	5,79E-5	8,46E-4	5,09E-5	3,48E-6	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	7,02E-3	MND	0E0	2,41E-6	0E0	1,48E-6	-5,85E-5

END OF LIFE – OUTPUT FLOWS

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	0E0	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0
Materials for recycling	kg	0E0	0E0	3,49E-1	3,49E-1	0E0	1,57E-1	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	0E0	MND	0E0	0E0	3,37E0	0E0	0E0
Materials for energy rec	kg	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	0E0	MND	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0
Exported energy	MJ	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	0E0	3,18E0	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	0E0	MND	0E0	0E0	8,38E0	0E0	0E0

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – EN 15804+A1, CML / ISO 21930

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Global Warming Pot.	kg CO ₂ e	2,36E1	2,87E-1	9,21E-1	2,48E1	4,72E-1	8,86E-2	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	5,12E1	MND	0E0	2,24E-2	8,35E-1	3,12E-2	-5,53E0
Ozone depletion Pot.	kg CFC ₁₁ e	2,03E-6	5,41E-8	5,5E-8	2,14E-6	8,91E-8	5,86E-9	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	5,24E-6	MND	0E0	4,23E-9	1,33E-8	2,6E-9	-1,8E-7
Acidification	kg SO ₂ e	1,62E-1	6,05E-4	4,29E-3	1,66E-1	9,7E-4	1,94E-4	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	2,63E-1	MND	0E0	4,6E-5	7,41E-4	5,27E-5	-2,78E-2
Eutrophication	kg PO ₄ ³ e	9,46E-2	1,23E-4	1,97E-3	9,67E-2	1,96E-4	2,11E-4	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1,78E-1	MND	0E0	9,29E-6	3,58E-4	1,26E-3	-1,54E-2
POCP ("smog")	kg C ₂ H ₄ e	9,49E-3	3,77E-5	2,23E-4	9,75E-3	6,15E-5	1,56E-5	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1E-2	MND	0E0	2,92E-6	3,48E-5	7,04E-6	-3,42E-3
ADP-elements	kg Sbe	2,09E-2	4,91E-6	9,78E-6	2,09E-2	8,13E-6	1,18E-6	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	3,82E-4	MND	0E0	3,86E-7	5,09E-6	8,33E-8	-1,43E-4
ADP-fossil	MJ	3,04E2	4,5E0	2,54E1	3,34E2	7,41E0	8,93E-1	MND	0E0	MND	MND	MND	1,07E3	MND	0E0	3,52E-1	1,45E0	2,3E-1	-6,52E1

VERIFICATION STATEMENT

VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with reference standard, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The digital background data for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? Read more online

This EPD has been generated by One Click LCA EPD generator, which has been verified and approved by the EPD Hub.

THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of the data collected and used in the LCA calculations, the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out, the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and other additional environmental information, as present with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and reference standard.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

Neena Chandramathy, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited
16.12.2022

